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Biomass Utilization & Sustainability of Biofuels

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Outline

- Introduction
- Sustainability criteria – the European perspective
- Primary energy composition
- Global biomass related issues
- Biomass gasification
- Biogas digestion
- Biomethane for grid injection and as vehicle fuel
- Conclusions

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TU WIEN Why should we care about sustainability?

CLIMATE SUMMIT

WHAT IF IT'S A BIG HOAX AND WE CREATE A BETTER WORLD FOR NOTHING?

- ENERGY INDEPENDENCE
- PRESERVE RAINFORESTS
- SUSTAINABILITY
- GREEN JOBS
- LIVABLE CITIES
- RENEWABLES
- CLEAN WATER, AIR
- HEALTHY CHILDREN
- ETC. ETC.

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TU WIEN Sustainability Criteria of Biofuels

- The **Directive 2009/28/EC** sets out sustainability criteria for biofuels in its articles 17, 18 and 19. These criteria are related to greenhouse gas savings, land with high biodiversity value, land with high carbon stock and agro-environmental practices.
- The **criteria apply since December 2010**. The European Commission (EC) has adopted a number of Decisions and Communications to assist the implementation of the EU's sustainability criteria.

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TU WIEN Sustainability...

✓ Sustainability involves all aspects of life

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TU WIEN Are new Biofuels the Solution?

Source: IHT 11-04-2008

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TU WIEN **European Union's Definition of Sustainable Biofuels**

- EU Directive 2009/28/EC (Renewable energy directive: RED) requires:
 - Proof of sustainability of biomass:
 - no production from no-go areas (high biodiversity or high carbon stocks),
 - sustainability of production and operations
 - monitor social sustainability and food security
 - Raw material should not be obtained from :
 - wetlands
 - continuously forested areas
 - from areas with 10-30% canopy cover
 - from peatlands
 - if the status of the land has changed compared to its status in January 2008
 - GHG savings:
 - biofuels and bio-liquids must yield a GHG emission savings of at least 35%
 - (50% from 2017, 60% from production started after 2017)
 - Traceability and mass balance must be assured



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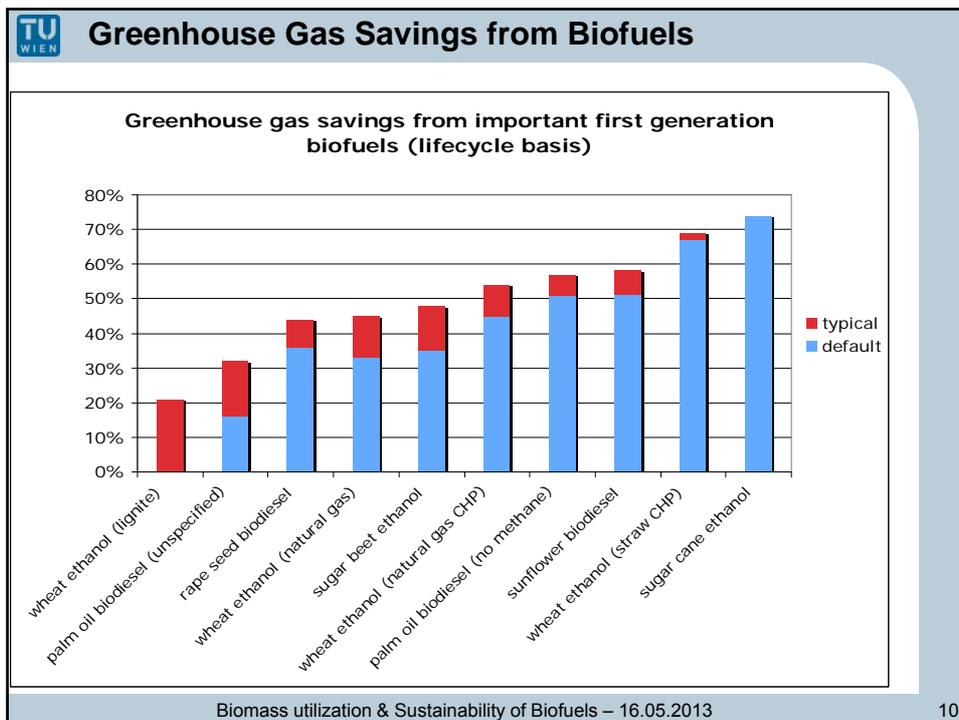
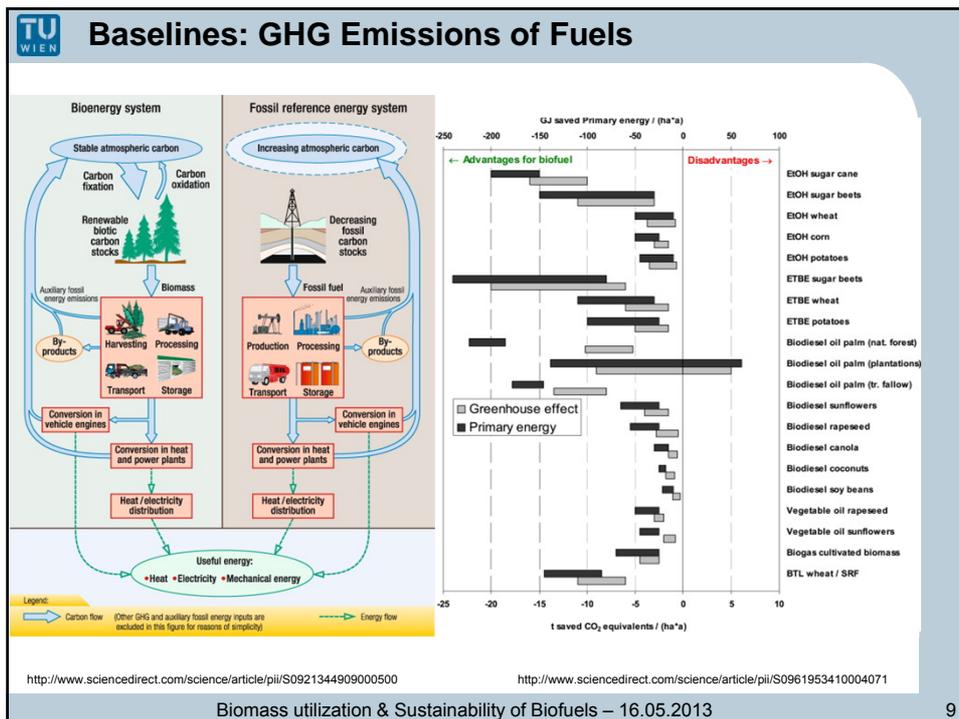
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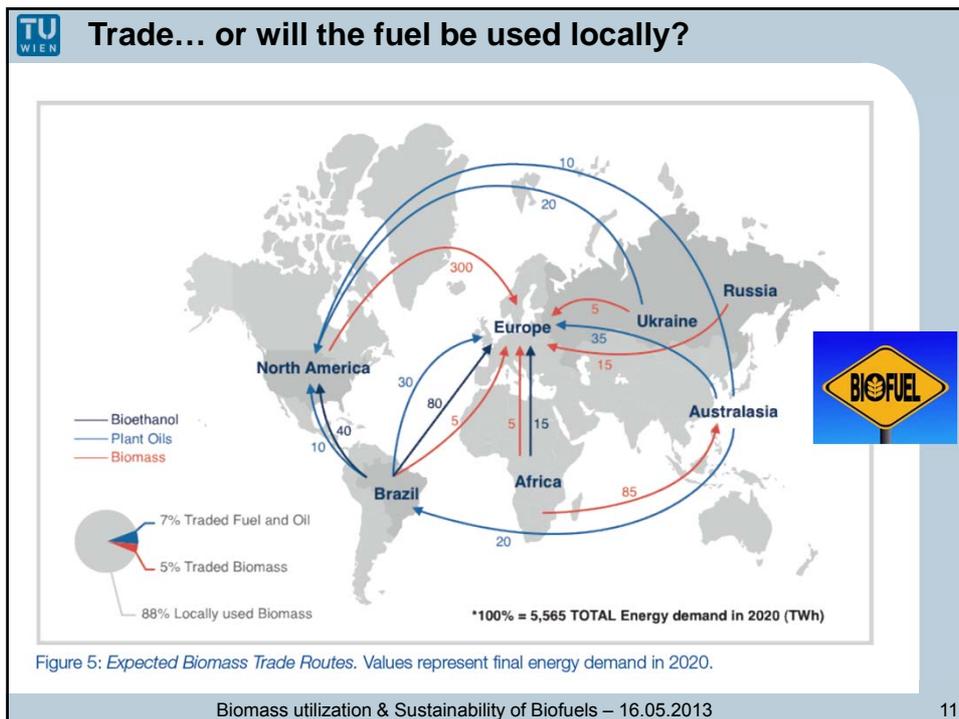
TU WIEN **Rules for calculation of GHG savings – Methodology**

- Includes all process steps (life-cycle) (Annex VII.C)
- End-use efficiency may be taken into account
- Land use change has to be taken into account
- Carbon capture and storage/ replacement
- Co-products by energy allocation, except:
 - agricultural crop residues (not counted)
 - surplus electricity from CHP (special rule)
- Special rule for biofuels from wastes/ residues
- Comparison with EU average for petrol & diesel

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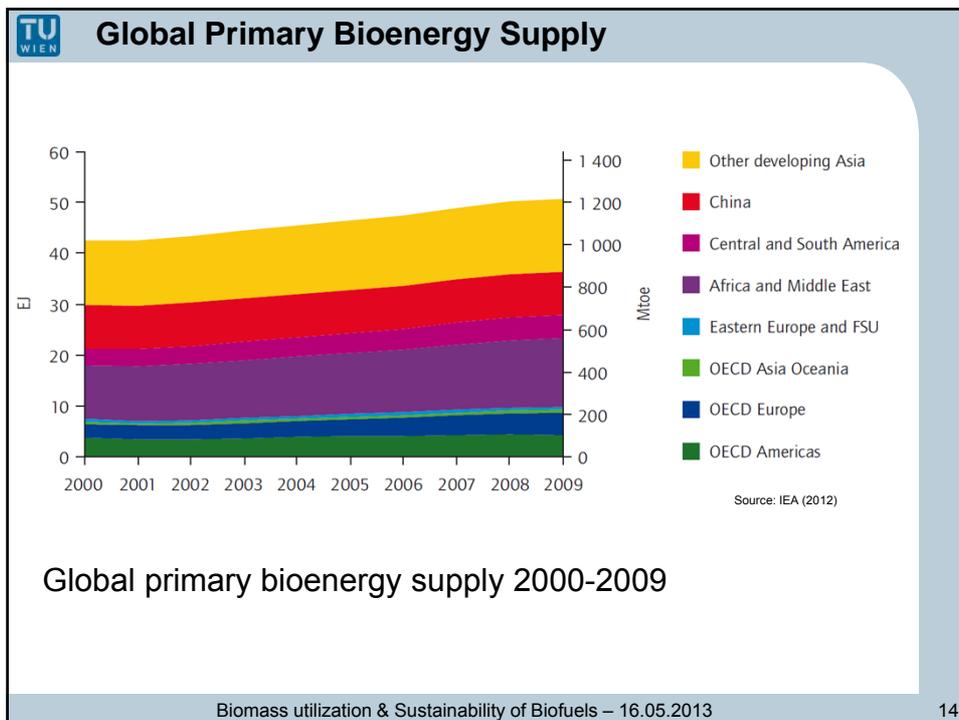
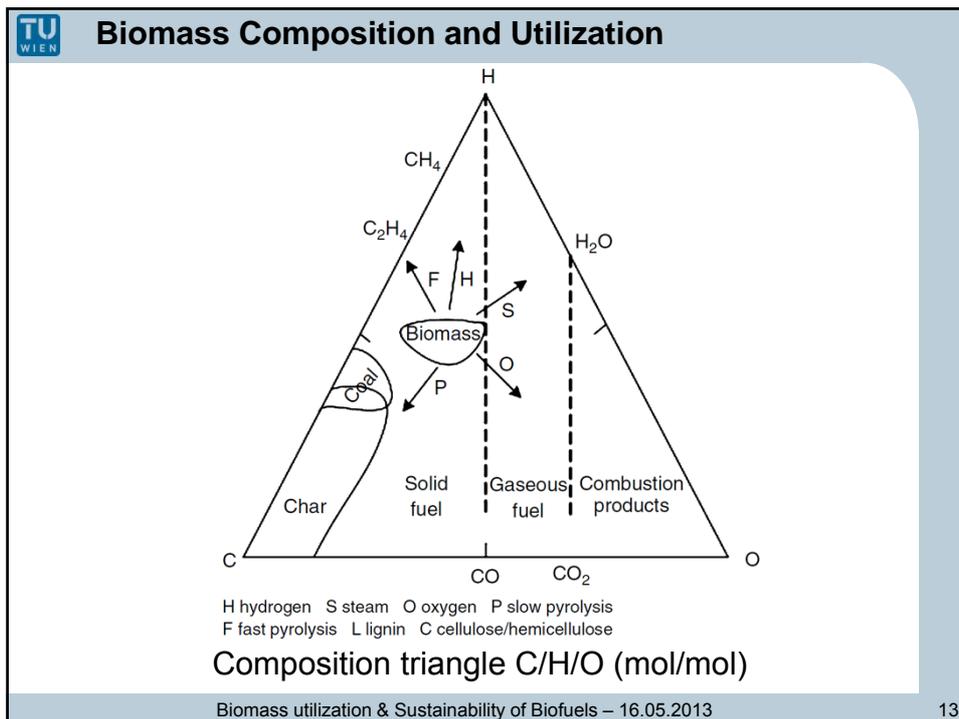
TU WIEN Biomass Feedstocks

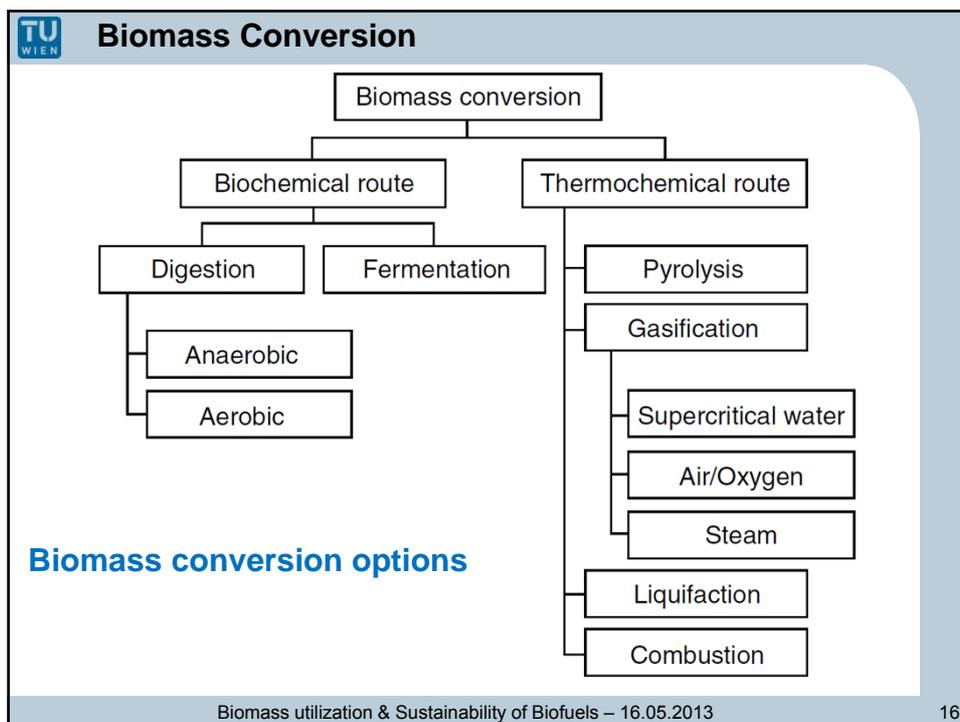
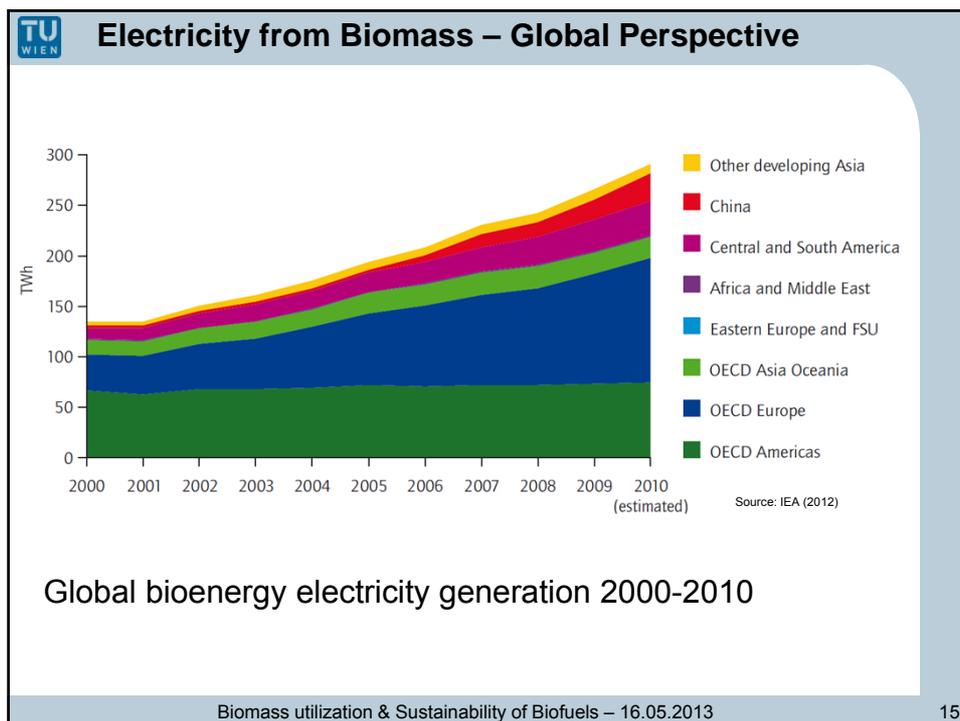
	Wastes	Processing residues	Locally collected feedstocks	Internationally traded feedstocks
Typical feedstock costs (USD/GJ)	negative to 0	0 - 4	4 - 8	8 - 12
Typical plant capacity (MW electric)	0.5 - 50	0.5 - 50	10 - 50	> 50

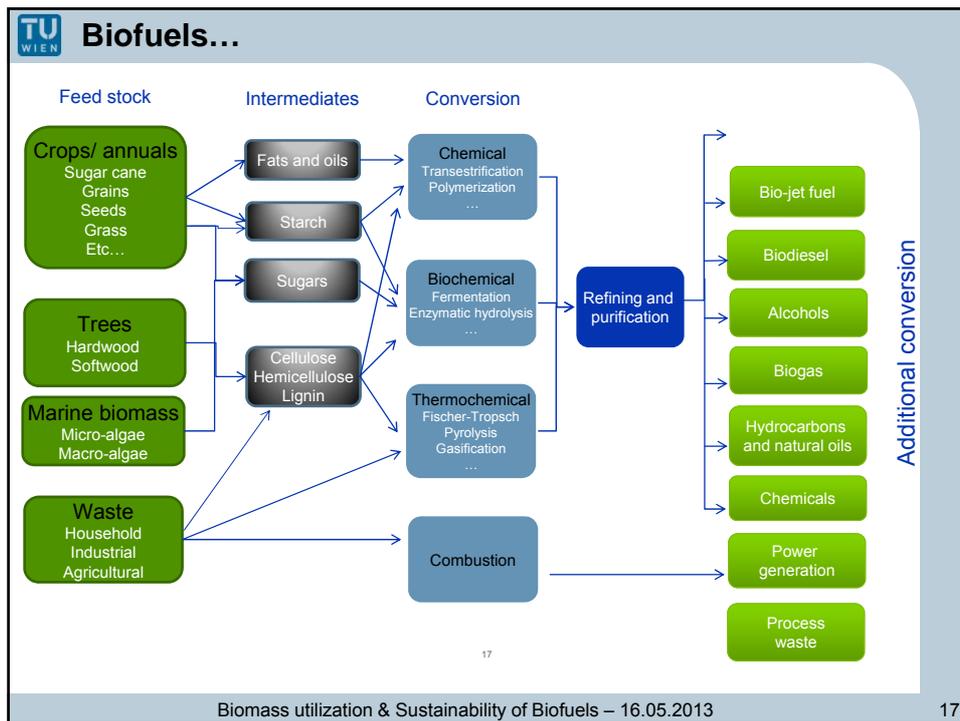
Examples of different biomass feedstocks, typical feedstock costs, and plant capacities

Source: IEA (2012)

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TU WIEN Biomass Utilization Options

	Basic and applied R&D	Demonstration	Early commercial	Commercial
Biomass pretreatment	Hydrothermal treatment	Torrefaction	Pyrolysis	Pelletisation/ briquetting
Anaerobic digestion	Microbial fuel cells			2-stage digestion 1-stage digestion Biogas upgrading Landfill gas Sewage gas
Biomass for heating			Small scale gasification	Combustion in boilers and stoves
Biomass for power generation				
Combustion	Stirling engine		Combustion with ORC	Combustion and steam cycle
Co-firing	Indirect co-firing		Parallel co-firing	Direct co-firing
Gasification	Gasification with FC		BICGT BIGCC	Gasification with engine Gasification with steam cycle

Note: ORC = Organic Rankine Cycle; FC = fuel cell; BICGT = biomass internal combustion gas turbine; BIGCC = biomass internal gasification combined cycle

Technology status of biomass utilization options

Source: Bauen et al. (2009), IEA (2012)

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TU WIEN **Biomass / Bioenergy Facts**

Bioenergy

- Bioenergy represents over 10% of global primary energy supply
- Primary bioenergy demand > 50 EJ (end of 2011)

Biomass use:

- 86% for cooking, heating & cooling (only 25% modern bioenergy)
- **10,5% for power generation**
- 3,5% for transport fuels

Biomass electricity

- 70 GW of biomass power generation capacity end of 2011, over 65 GW in 2010
- Production in power-only and CHP plants by direct firing or co-firing
- (EU in 2010: 36 % power only , 64 % CHP)
- 88 % derived from solid biomass (US, EU, Brazil, China)

Source: Renewable Energy Policy Network for the 21st Century (2012)



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TU WIEN **Bioenergy Trends**

Consequences of policies to reduce GHG and to diversify energy source

- Increasing demand for biomass fuels
- Local feedstock not sufficient to cover demand
- increasing international trade of biomass fuels
- creation of large feedstock plantations in tropical & sub-tropical regions (often corporate investments)

Increasing size of bioenergy power facilities over the last decade:

- 20 MW → 750 MW in the UK (conversion of coal-fired power plant)
- Trend is enhanced because of co-firing developments

Locally used biomass versus internationally traded biomass

New challenges

- Ensure sustainability of modern bioenergy
- Develop and report on local bioenergy



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TU WIEN **Scale Influence on some Bioenergy Technologies**

	Scale	Power range	Thermal efficiency	Electric efficiency
Heating (boiler)	Small	25 – 100 kW _{th}	80 – 85 %	
	Medium	100-500 kW _{th}	85 – 87 %	
	Large	500-5000 kW _{th}	87 – 93 %	
CHP (boiler + steam turbine)	Small	1-10 MW _e	63 – 70 %	13-21 %
	Medium	10-25 MW _e	59 – 63 %	21-26 %
	Large	25-50 MW _e	52 – 59 %	26-35 %
CHP (gas engine)	Small	0.1- 0.25 MW _e		31 – 33 %
	Medium	0.25 -1 MW _e		33 – 38 %
	Large	1 -2 MW _e		38 – 40 %
CHP (diesel engine)	Small	0.1 – 0.75 MW _e	46 – 50 %	37-42 %
	Medium	0.75 -1.5 MW _e	45 – 50 %	42-44 %
	Large	1.5 - 5 MW _e	44 – 45 %	44-45 %
Co-firing Coal power plants (boiler + steam turbine)	Only Large	500 - 750 MW _e	50 – 52 %	35-43 %

Source: Ecofys, EU-Project TREN/A2/143-2007 (2010)

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TU WIEN **Biomass Combustion**

- Grate furnace and fluidized bed technology
- Steam turbines
- Combined heat and power
- Large scale facilities > 100 MW_{el}



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TU WIEN **Woody Biomass: Pulp + Electricity**



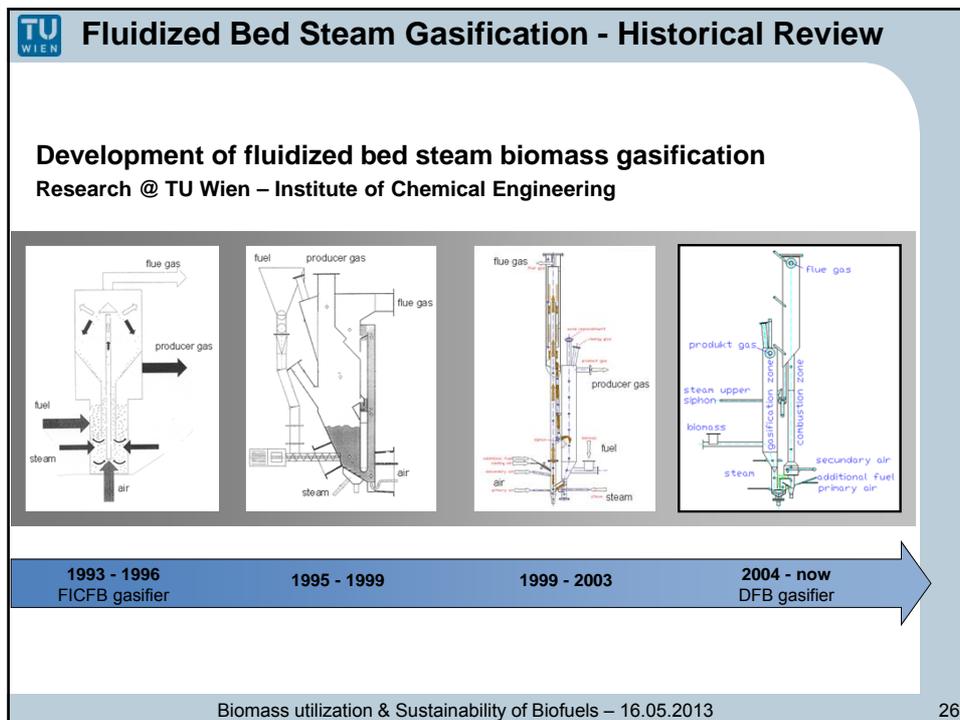
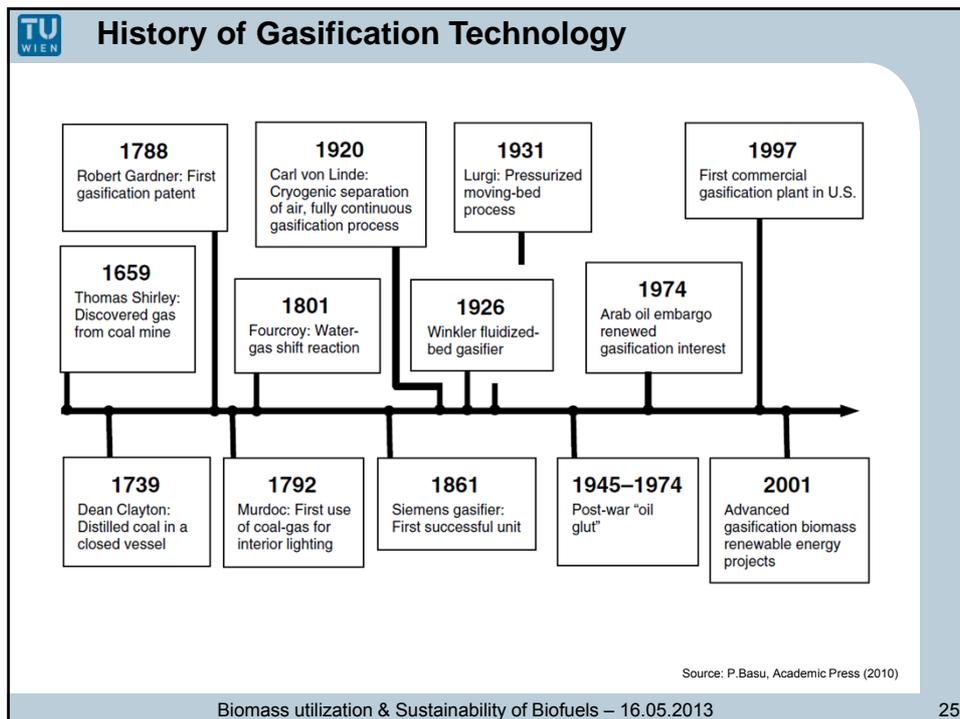
Fray Bentos Pulp Mill produces 200 MW el. (10% of Uruguay's domestic consumption) + 1 Mt/a eucalyptus pulp

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TU WIEN **Biomass Gasification**

Biomass Gasification

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TU WIEN Biomass CHP Güssing

Fuel power	8-9.5 MW
Electrical power	2 MW
Thermal power	4.5 MW
operation hours gasifier:	48,000 [h]
combined heat and power operation:	43,000 [h]

December, 2009

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TU WIEN Biomass Gasification

Source: P.Basu, Academic Press (2010)

Additional options via gasification

Bio-SNG-Plant

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Biomass Gasification



Agnion Heatpipe Reformer Technology for small scale application (e.g. 0,5 - 1 MW_{e,l})

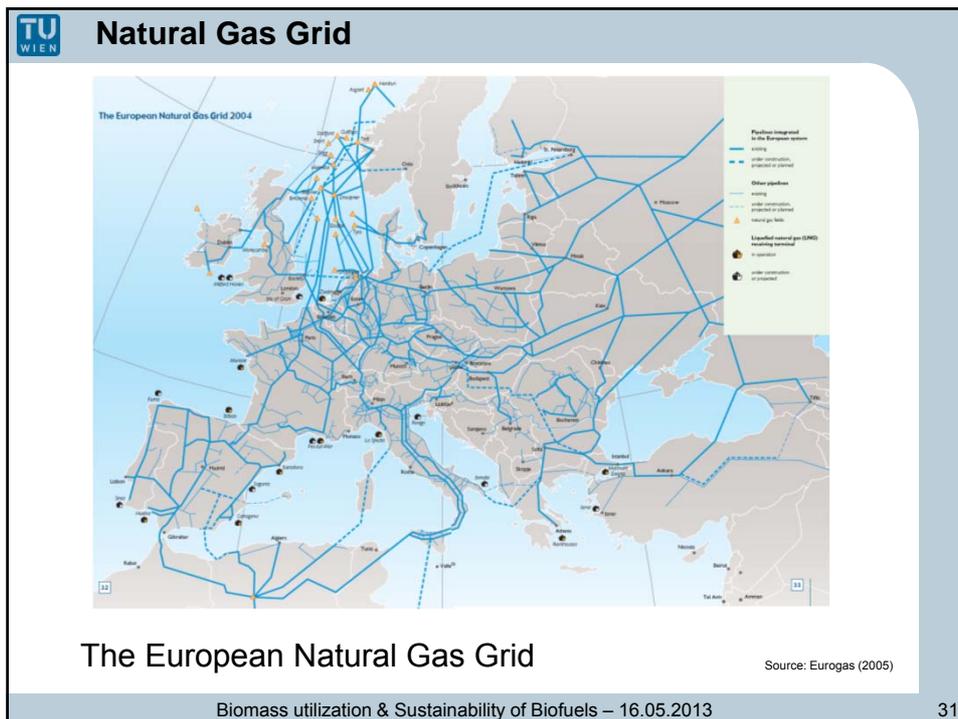
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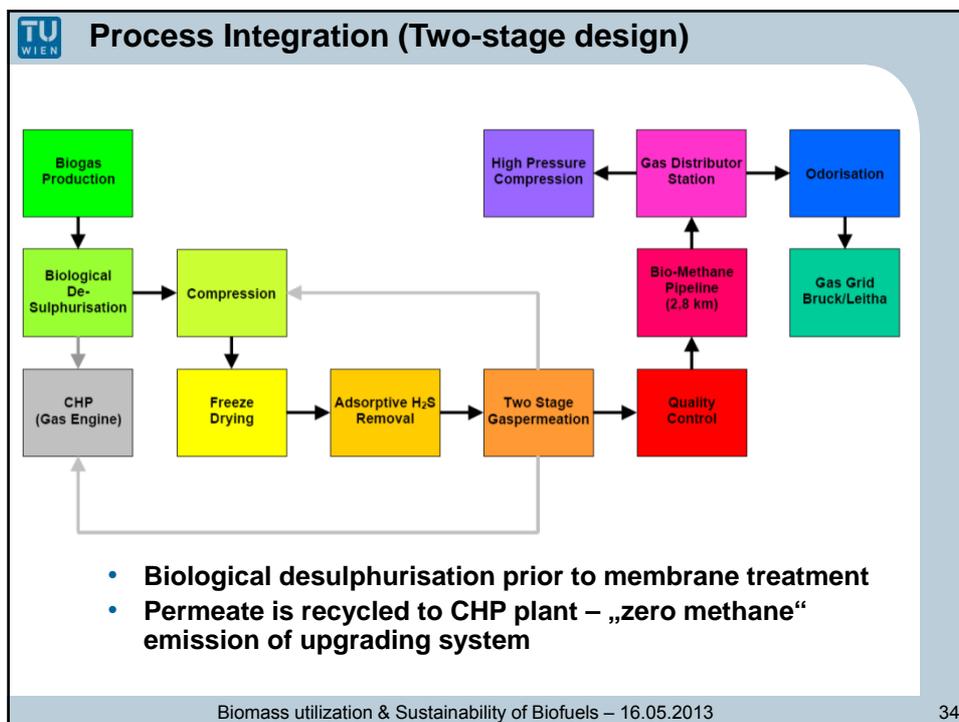
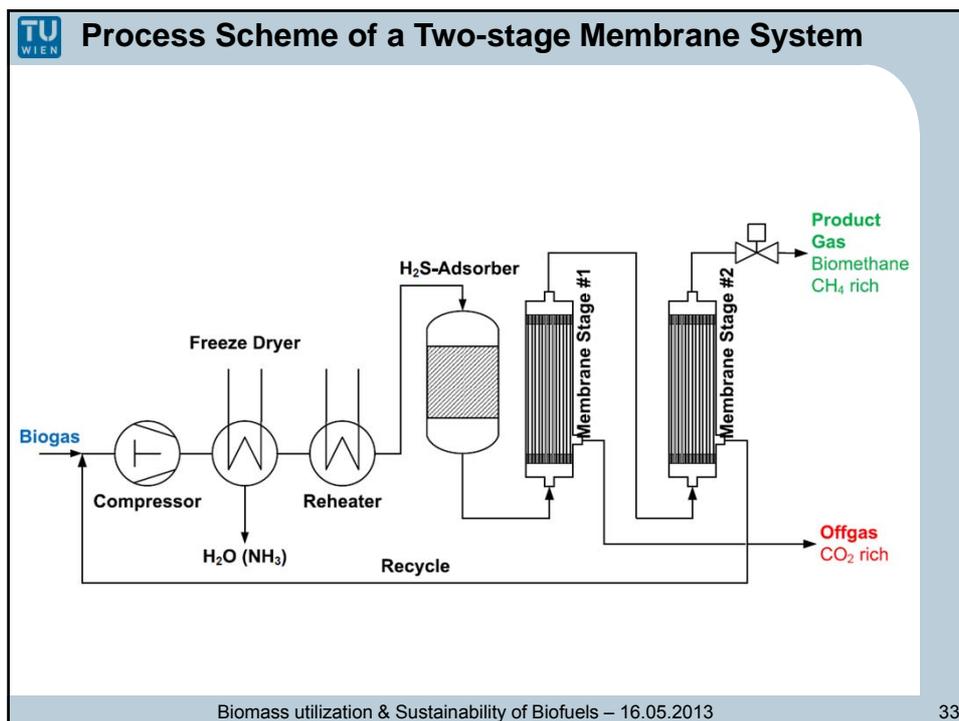
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Biogas Digestion

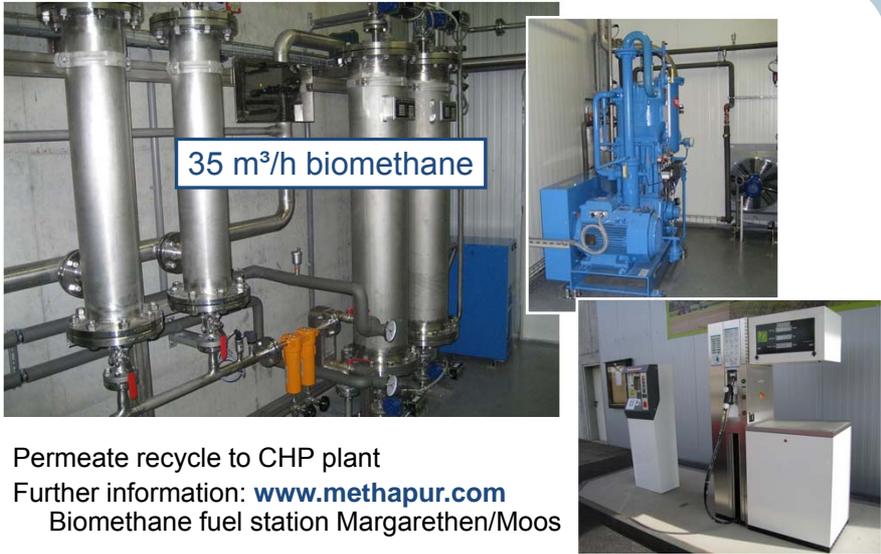
Biogas Digestion and Grid Injection and Bio-CNG Use

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TU WIEN **Biomethane Fuel Station using Membrane Technology**



35 m³/h biomethane

Permeate recycle to CHP plant
Further information: www.methapur.com
Biomethane fuel station Margarethen/Moos

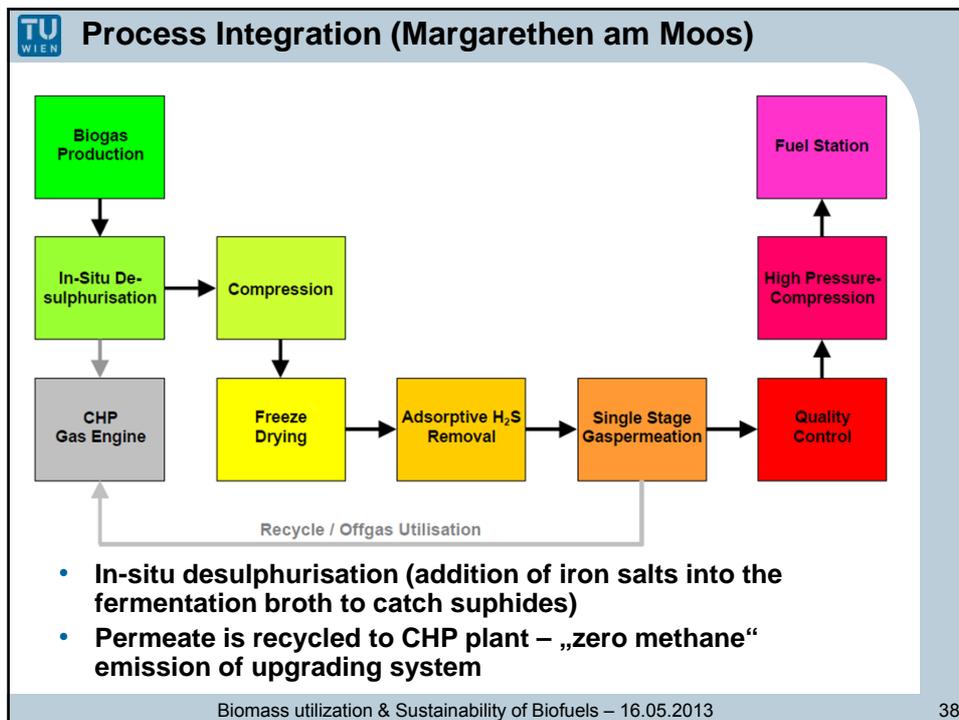
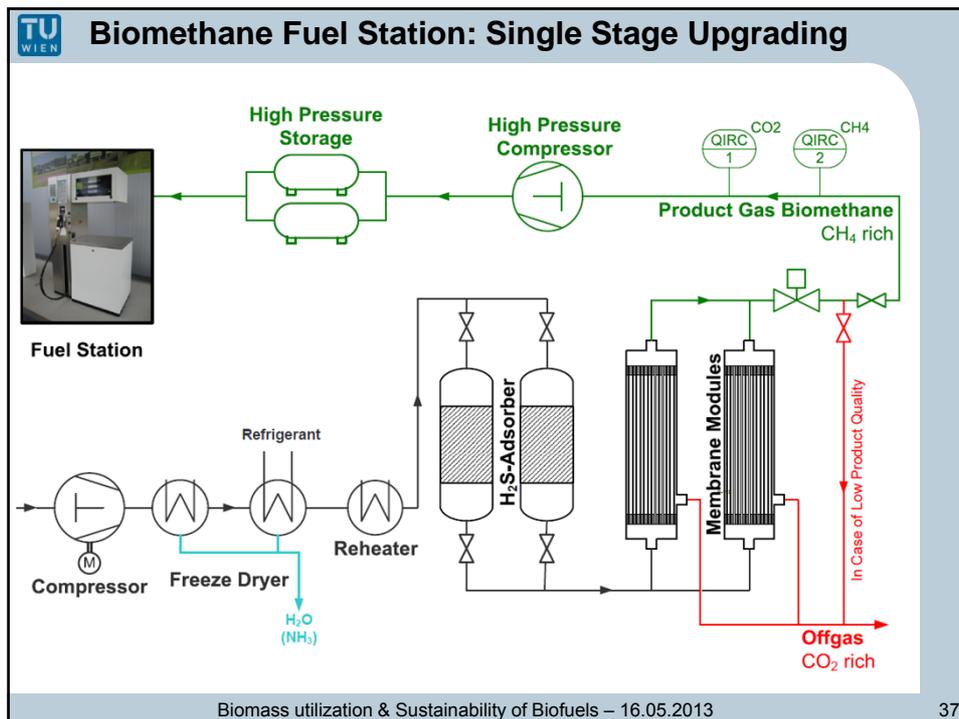
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TU WIEN **Bio-CNG with on-site fuel station**



- Capacity: 500 kg/d bio-methane
- Bio-methane as fuel alternative (tractors, harvesting)

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TU WIEN **Biogas Engerwitzdorf – Grid injection**



- Capacity 1,000.000 m³ Bio-methane / a
- BCM (MT-Energie) amine scrubber

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TU WIEN **Bio-methane Wiener Neustadt**



- Capacity: 220 (300) m³/h biogas
- Axiom – Membrane separation

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TU WIEN Recent Start-up of First AXIOM Plant in Germany



- Capacity 500 m³/h biogas, 300 m³/h biomethane, approx. 8 km pipeline for grid injection and high pressure compression to 60 bar

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TU WIEN What about Scale-up?

Rightsizing ...



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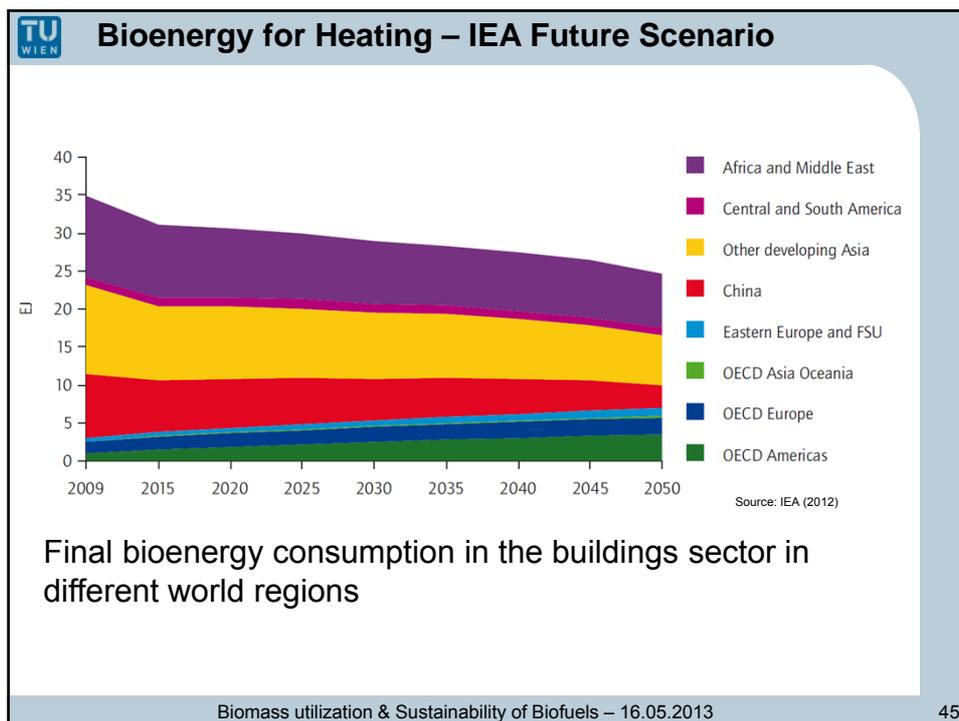
TU WIEN Bigger and BIGGER...

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TU WIEN Electricity from Biomass – IEA Future Scenario

In 2050, IEA estimates 2 460 TWh of electricity will be produced from biomass and waste, a fivefold increase on 2010

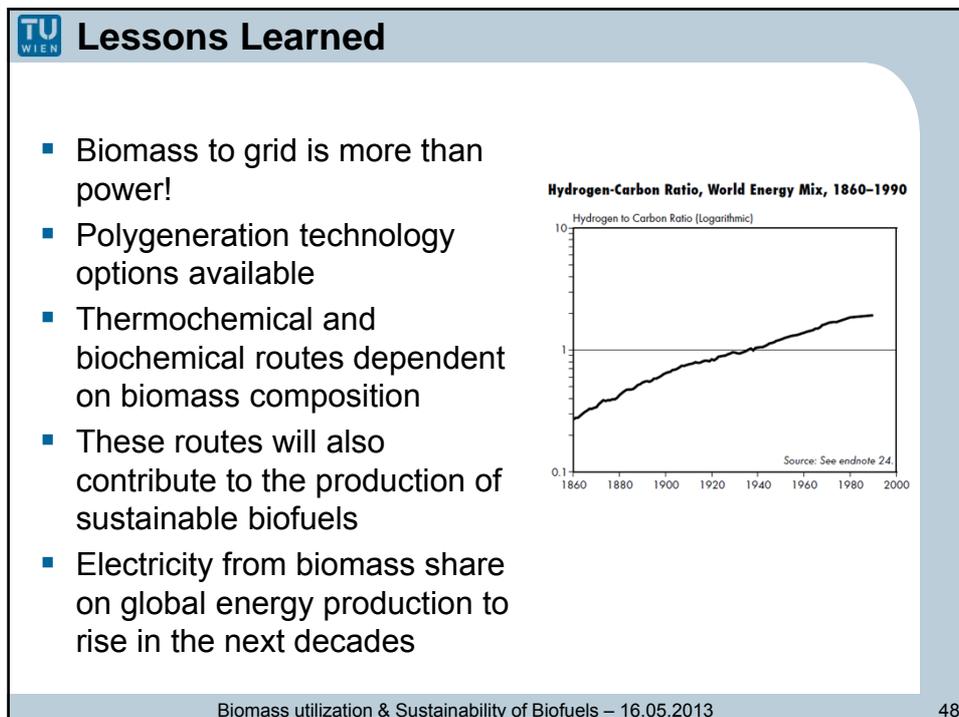
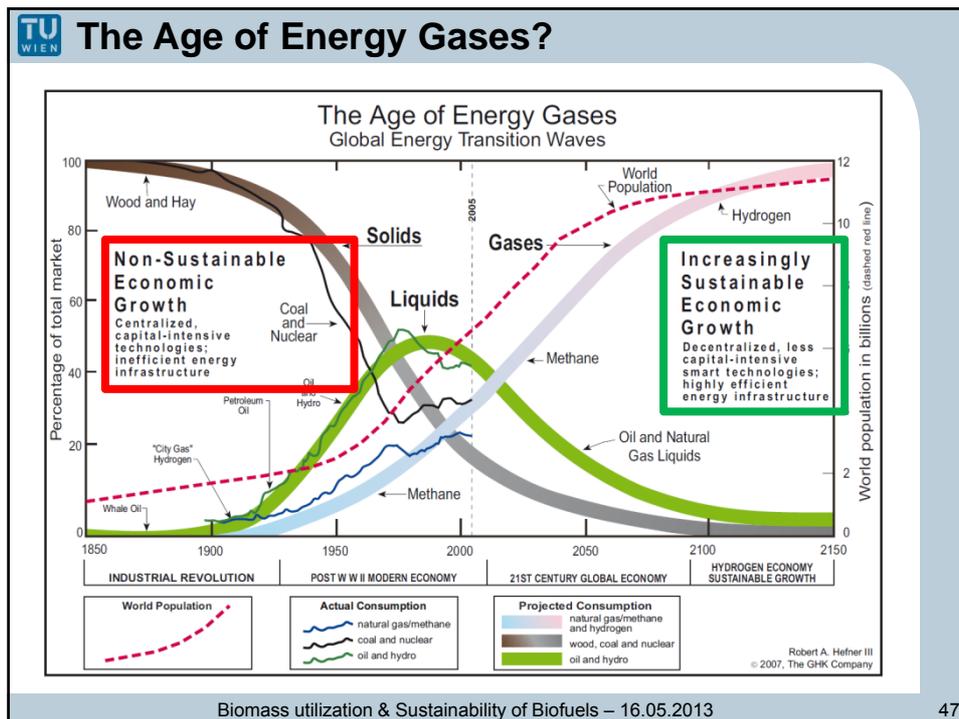
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And the Future?

And the Future?

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